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IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS COUNTY DEPARTMENT, LAW DIVISION

JOHN DOE 1, JOHN DOE 2, JOHN DOE 3, JOHN DOE 4, JOHN DOE 5, JOHN DOE 6, JOHN DOE 7, JOHN DOE 8, JOHN DOE 9, JOHN DOE 10, JOHN DOE 11, JOHN DOE 12, JOHN DOE 13, JOHN DOE 14, and JOHN DOE 15,

NO.

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

Plaintiffs,

V.

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CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE,

CALENDAR/ROOM E TIME 00:00 PI Other

2013L004337

Defendants.

I. COMPLAINT AT LAW

NOW COMES the Plaintiffs, JOHN DOE 1, JOHN DOE 2, JOHN DOE 3, JOHN DOE 4, JOHN DOE 5, JOHN DOE 6, JOHN DOE 7, JOHN DOE 8, JOHN DOE 9, JOHN DOE 10, JOHN DOE 11, JOHN DOE 12, JOHN DOE 13, JOHN DOE 14, and JOHN DOE 15 (collectively referred to hereinafter as "JOHN DOE #1-15"), by and through their attorneys in this regard, HURLEY McKENNA & MERTZ, and in their Complaint against

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

defendants, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE they state and allege as follows:

II. INTRODUCTION

- 2.1. Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15 were sexually abused while they were students at Leo High School ("Leo") in Chicago, Cook County, Illinois.
- 2.2. The individuals who abused Plaintiffs were employed as teachers or administrators at Leo, or were otherwise affiliated with Leo and were its agents, at the time they sexually abused Plaintiffs. But for their position and affiliation with Leo, Plaintiffs would not have been sexually abused by them.

III. PARTIES

- 3.1. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 1, who currently lives in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother C.B. Irwin while JOHN DOE 1 in approximately 1959 to 1960 while he was a student at Leo High School. Christian Brother Irwin was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 1. The abuse occurred at the Christian Brothers' residence at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 1 only by pseudonym.
- 3.2. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 2, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1969 while JOHN DOE 2 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 2. The abuse occurred at Leo High

School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 2 only by pseudonym.

- 3.3. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 3, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1969 to 1970 while JOHN DOE 3 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 3. The abuse occurred in the bookstore at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 3 only by pseudonym.
- 3.4. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 4, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney from approximately 1969 to 1971 while JOHN DOE 4 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 4. The abuse occurred in the bookstore at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 4 only by pseudonym.
- 3.5. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 5, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1970 while JOHN DOE 5 was a student at St. Cajetan. Brother Courtney recruited JOHN DOE 5 to go to Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 5. The abuse occurred in the bookstore and locker room at Leo High School, as well as in Brother Courtney's car. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 5 only by pseudonym.

3.6. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 6, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1970 while JOHN DOE 6 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 6. The abuse occurred at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 6 only by pseudonym.

- 3.7. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 7, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1970 while JOHN DOE 7 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 7. The abuse occurred in the basement and the bookstore of Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 7 only by pseudonym.
- 3.8. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 8, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1971 before and while JOHN DOE 8 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 8. The abuse took place in the bookstore at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 8 only by pseudonym.
- 3.9. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 9, who currently resides in DuPage County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1971 to 1972 while JOHN DOE 9 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 9. The abuse occurred in the

bookstore at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 9 only by pseudonym.

- 3.10. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 10, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1972 while JOHN DOE 10 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 10. The abuse occurred in the bookstore and weight room at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 10 only by pseudonym.
- 3.11. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 11, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1971 and 1973 while JOHN DOE 11 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 11. The abuse occurred in the locker room and bookstore at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 11 only by pseudonym.
- 3.12. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 12, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney from approximately 1971 to 1973 while JOHN DOE 12 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 12. The abuse occurred in the locker room, shower, and equipment room at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 12 only by pseudonym.
- 3.13. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 13 who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Edward Courtney from approximately 1971 to 1973

while JOHN DOE 13 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 13. The abuse occurred in the bookstore at Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 13 only by pseudonym.

- 3.14. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 14, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by an unidentified Christian Brother in approximately 1974 while JOHN DOE 14 was a student at Leo High School. The Christian Brother was a summer school teacher working at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 14. The abuse occurred in the basement of Leo High School. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 14 only by pseudonym.
- 3.15. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 15, who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak in approximately 1991 while JOHN DOE 15 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Bonebreak was an admissions director and/or employee of Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 15. The abuse occurred at Brother Bonebreak's residence. In the interests of privacy, this complaint identifies plaintiff JOHN DOE 15 only by pseudonym.
- 3.16. Defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers is a worldwide Catholic religious order of men that funds its operations by providing its members to staff Catholic schools around the world and in the United States, including Leo High School. Although the headquarters of defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers is located outside of the United States, the Congregation of Christian Brothers has the right to control the Christian Brothers and other employees/agents who serve at schools on its behalf, including the Christian

Brothers who served at Leo, the Christian Brothers and employees/agents who sexually abused Plaintiffs, and the Christian Brothers and employees/agents who were responsible for supervising those individuals but failed to do so. Moreover, at all relevant times, including before and during the time Plaintiffs were sexually abused as described herein, defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers authorized defendant NAP and the teachers, administrators, and employees of Leo to act on its behalf in operating Leo, in fielding complaints regarding the sexual abuse of children, and in protecting children from being sexually abused, including Plaintiffs. Defendant NAP and the teachers, administrators, and employees of Leo accepted that authorization from defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers and acted accordingly on its behalf. Upon information and belief, the leaders of defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers were told that the individuals who sexually abused Plaintiffs had previously sexually abused other children, but despite that knowledge, and despite having the authority to remove them and prevent them from abusing more students, defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers allowed them to continue teaching and continued to give them access to students, including Plaintiffs at Leo.

3.17. Defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers – North American Province, also known as the Western Province, also known as the Eastern Province, and also known as the American Province (collectively referred to herein as "NAP"), is a province of defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers. As with defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers, defendant NAP has the right to control the Christian Brothers and employees/agents who serve at schools on its behalf, including the Christian Brothers and employees/agents who served at Leo, the Christian Brothers and employees/agents who served at Leo, the Christian Brothers and employees/agents who sexually abused Plaintiffs,

and the Christian Brothers and employees/agents who were responsible for supervising those individuals but failed to do so. Moreover, at all relevant times, including before and during the time Plaintiffs were sexually abused as described herein, defendant NAP authorized the teachers, administrators, and employees of Leo to act on its behalf in operating Leo, in fielding complaints regarding the sexual abuse of children, and in protecting children from being sexually abused, including Plaintiffs. The teachers, administrators, and employees of Leo accepted that authorization from defendant NAP and acted accordingly on its behalf. Upon information and belief, the leaders of defendant NAP were told that the individuals who sexually abused Plaintiffs had previously sexually abused other children, but despite that knowledge, and despite having the authority to remove them and prevent them from abusing more students, defendant NAP allowed them to continue teaching and continued to give them access to students, including Plaintiffs at Leo.

3.18. When Plaintiffs were sexually abused as described above and below, Leo was owned by the Catholic Bishop of Chicago, but the school was jointly staffed and operated by the Catholic Bishop of Chicago, defendant Congregation of Christian Brothers and defendant NAP (collectively referred to herein as "Christian Brothers defendants"). The Christian Brothers defendants agreed to staff and operate Leo because they received money and other material benefits from the Catholic Bishop of Chicago and others for doing so, which was in turn used to fund their operations in the United States and around the world. Although the Christian Brothers defendants acted as the agents of the Catholic Bishop of Chicago in operating Leo, as described herein, the Christian Brothers defendants had a separate duty to supervise the Christian Brothers, employees, and other agents of Leo, including those who

sexually abused Plaintiffs and those who failed to protect Plaintiffs, and a separate duty to protect the Plaintiffs from foreseeable harm, including the sexual abuse they suffered.

3.19. During all relevant times, including before and during the time that Plaintiffs were sexually abused as described herein, the Christian Brothers defendants operated Leo and supervised and employed the individuals who served there, including the individuals who sexually abused Plaintiffs and the individuals who were responsible for supervising the abusers.

IV. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4.1. As discussed more fully herein, many of the acts and omissions giving rise to this action occurred in Cook County, Illinois. Moreover, at the time this cause of action arose the Christian Brothers defendants transacted business in Chicago, Cook County, Illinois, and the Christian Brothers defendants continue to transact business in Chicago, Cook County, Illinois.
- 4.2. As such, this Court has jurisdiction over this matter and venue is proper in this Court.

V. FACTS

- A. The Christian Brothers Defendants Allowed Edward Courtney to Serve at Leo Despite Knowing that He Was a Serial Sexual Predator
- 5.1. As a child, Edward Courtney attended Briscoe Memorial School, a Catholic boarding school and orphanage operated by the Christian Brothers defendants. That education led him to become a Christian Brother in 1961.
- 5.2. When Courtney became a Christian Brother, he devoted all of his earthly belongings to the Christian Brothers and irrevocably agreed to "render all my services of COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

every kind to and for the said Congregation without compensation of any kind or character and no reward or remuneration shall ever be made to me for my labors ... which I may execute or shall have executed while a member of the said Congregation."

- 5.3. After a brief stint with a Catholic elementary school, Courtney received a teaching assignment at an all-boys high school, Leo High School, in Chicago, Illinois. Courtney remained at Leo until 1968, when he was transferred because, as described in his exclaustration and dispensation records, problems arose with his "homosexuality." The term "homosexuality" was often used by the Christian Brothers defendants in reference to Courtney's history of sexually abusing boys.
- 5.4. For the 1968-1969 school year, the Christian Brothers defendants transferred Courtney to Leo High School in Birmingham, Michigan.
- 5.5. Despite transferring him to this new school because he had molested students, the Christian Brothers defendants promoted him to "Dean of Students."
- 5.6. As Dean of Students at Leo High School in Birmingham, Michigan, Courtney promptly began molesting students. On June 14, 1969, the Provincial of the Christian Brothers defendants wrote to the principal of Leo and notified him that "[w]e thought it would be best for Chris Courtney to be changed out of Leo" because "it is for the best of all concerned." Courtney later testified that this "change" occurred because he had inappropriately touched a student at Leo.
- 5.7. Upon Courtney's transfer, the school principal, Brother D.P. Ryan, wrote that Courtney "is still a bit confused. Let's hope a change of atmosphere will help him mentally."

5.8. To assist him with that confusion, the Christian Brothers defendants sent Courtney to sexual deviancy treatment. Despite undergoing treatment, the Christian Brothers defendants decided it was appropriate to let Courtney begin teaching at another school. This time, in the Fall of 1969, they sent him back to Chicago to teach at St. Leo High School.

- 5.9. Courtney continued molesting boys at St. Leo, despite his on-going treatment for sexual deviancy. In 1972, complaints about his abuse of boys reached critical mass and forced the Christian Brothers defendants to make another transfer. In September of 1972, they transferred him to another school in the Chicago metropolitan area, Leo High School.
- 5.10. Before and during the time Courtney was assigned to Leo, the Christian Brothers defendants knew that Courtney was a serial sexual predator who could not be "cured" or "treated." They knew he was a serial sexual predator because they had transferred him from school-to-school because of his sexual abuse of students. And they knew he could not be "cured" or "treated" because they had paid for him to receive sexual deviancy treatment while he was at Leo in Michigan, and St. Leo in Illinois, but he kept abusing children.
- 5.11. While he was employed as a teacher, administrator, and/or employee at Leo, Courtney used his position to sexually abuse Plaintiff JOHN DOE 2, JOHN DOE 3, JOHN DOE 4, JOHN DOE 5, JOHN DOE 6, JOHN DOE 7, JOHN DOE 8, JOHN DOE 9, JOHN DOE 10, JOHN DOE 11, JOHN DOE 12, and, JOHN DOE 13. The sexual abuse occurred at Leo, including in the school bookstore.
- 5.12. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 2 who currently resides in Cook County, Illinois, was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1969 while JOHN DOE 2 was

a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 2. The abuse occurred at Leo High School.

- 5.13. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 3 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1969 to 1970 while JOHN DOE 3 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 3. The abuse occurred in the bookstore at Leo High School.
- 5.14. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 4 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney from approximately 1969 to 1971 while JOHN DOE 4 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 4. The abuse occurred in the bookstore at Leo High School.
- 5.15. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 5 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1970 while JOHN DOE 5 was a student at St. Cajetan. Brother Courtney used his position as a teacher and/or employee at Leo to recruit JOHN DOE 5 to go to Leo High School. The abuse occurred in the bookstore and locker room at Leo High School, as well as in Brother Courtney's car.
- 5.16. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 6 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1970 while JOHN DOE 6 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 6. The abuse occurred at Leo High School.
- 5.17. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 7 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1970 while JOHN DOE 7 was a student at Leo High School. Brother

Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 7. The abuse occurred in the basement and the bookstore of Leo High School.

- 5.18. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 8 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1971 before and while JOHN DOE 8 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 8. The abuse took place in the bookstore at Leo High School.
- 5.19. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 9 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1971 to 1972 while JOHN DOE 9 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 9. The abuse occurred in the bookstore at Leo High School.
- 5.20. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 10 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1972 while JOHN DOE 10 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 10. The abuse occurred in the bookstore and weight room at Leo High School.
- 5.21. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 11 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney in approximately 1971 and 1973 while JOHN DOE 11 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 11. The abuse occurred in the locker room and bookstore at Leo High School.
- 5.22. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 12 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney from approximately 1971 to 1973 while JOHN DOE 12 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused

JOHN DOE 12. The abuse occurred in the locker room, shower, and equipment room at Leo High School.

- 5.23. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 13 was sexually abused by Brother Edward Courtney from approximately 1971 to 1973 while JOHN DOE 13 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Courtney was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 13. The abuse occurred in the bookstore at Leo High School.
- 5.24. Eventually, faced with complaints of Courtney's sexual abuse of children at Leo, the Christian Brothers defendants voted to keep Courtney "out of school until he had seen a psychiatrist." In January 1974, Courtney was physically ejected from Leo because he was sexually molesting students. As Courtney testified in a deposition, he was given "a day or two" to leave. The principal, Brother John Manning, delivered the message: "After breakfast, Brother Manning, who was the principal, called me in to talk, and he said there had been complaints and basically told me I was going to have to leave at that time." Manning told Courtney to get a job and get married.
- 5.25. After being physically evicted by his community at Leo, Brother Courtney "lived on the outside and worked at a travel agency."
- 5.26. Shortly thereafter, in March of 1974, the Christian Brothers defendants barred Courtney from any contact with his prior three schools: "Chris is to have no contact with Rice, Leo or Laurence in any way, shape or form."
- 5.27. Shortly thereafter, the Christian Brothers defendants considered making him a gardener at their Provincial Headquarters in Vallejo, California, where he would have no contact with children, or transferring him to be an administrator at O'Dea High School in

Seattle. Despite his history of sexually abusing boys at four schools, and despite his history of abusing boys while in treatment, the Christian Brothers defendants voted to transfer Courtney to O'Dea High School in Seattle, Washington, where he became a school administrator, teacher, and member of the Archdiocesan faculty.

- 5.28. Once the Christian Brothers defendants had transferred Courtney to O'Dea, he immediately began molesting boys, just as he had done at his four prior schools. And as had happened at his four prior schools, the Christian Brothers administrators immediately became aware of his sexual abuse of children.
- 5.29. However, rather than immediately remove Courtney from O'Dea and report him to law enforcement, the Christian Brothers helped Courtney obtain a teaching certificate in Washington. For example, Brother Courtney's former principal at Leo, Brother John Manning, wrote a glowing recommendation for Courtney to the Superintendent of Public Instruction for the State of Washington ("SPI"). The purpose of the recommendation was "to determine the eligibility of Brother Edward C. Courtney [address omitted] for a Washington teaching certificate" based on "an evaluation of service under your supervision." Manning unequivocally recommended Courtney, noting that he "served very efficiently as full time teacher of English and history" and that "I recommend him highly." Brother Manning made this representation to SPI even though he was the Christian Brother who had physically ejected Courtney from Leo, one year earlier, for molesting students.
- 5.30. Courtney sexually abused students during each of the four years that he was at O'Dea and the Christian Brothers defendants knew as much. However, the Christian Brothers

defendants did nothing to remove him from the school for four years, or to otherwise ensure that he could not abuse more students.

- 5.31. Even after the Christian Brothers defendants removed Courtney from O'Dea, they did nothing to prevent him from abusing more students. Instead, they helped him get other teaching jobs and wrote him more letters of recommendation.
- 5.32. Courtney continued to sexually molest students until 1988, when public school authorities in Othello, Washington, notified the police and Courtney was arrested for felony indecent liberties with minors. On December 12, 1988, Courtney pled guilty to a charge of Indecent Liberties with a minor, a felony that carried a maximum sentence of ten years in jail.

B. The Christian Brothers Defendants Allowed Others to Serve at Leo Despite Knowing that They Posed a Danger to Children

- 5.33. Upon information and belief, Edward Courtney was not the only sexual abuser that the Christian Brothers defendants knew or should have known was serving at Leo. To the contrary, a large number of other former Leo students, including many of the Plaintiffs, have come forward and indicated that they were sexually abused by teachers, administrators, or employees of Leo, or others who were affiliated with Leo and gained access to them through their position at the school.
- 5.34. Upon information and belief, the Christian Brothers defendants knew or should have known that the following teachers, administrators, employees, agents, and/or administrators of Leo posed a danger to Plaintiffs because they knew or should have known that these individuals had a history of sexually abusing children, but despite that knowledge, the Christian Brothers defendants failed to take reasonable steps to protect Plaintiffs JOHN DOE 1, JOHN DOE 14, and JOHN DOE 15 from these individuals: Christian Brother C.B. COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak.

- 5.35. As a result of the Christian Brothers defendants failing to take reasonable steps to supervise these individuals, or to otherwise protect Plaintiffs JOHN DOE 1, JOHN DOE 14, and JOHN DOE 15 from them, these Plaintiffs were sexually abused by them at Leo while they were students at Leo.
- 5.36. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 1 was sexually abused by Christian Brother C.B. Irwin while JOHN DOE 1 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Irwin was a teacher and/or employee at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 1. The abuse occurred at the Christian Brothers' residence at Leo High School.
- 5.37. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 14 was sexually abused by an unidentified Christian Brother in approximately 1974 while JOHN DOE 14 was a student at Leo High School. The Christian Brother was a summer school teacher working at Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 14. The abuse occurred in the basement of Leo High School.
- 5.38. Plaintiff JOHN DOE 15 was sexually abused by Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak in approximately 1991 while JOHN DOE 15 was a student at Leo High School. Brother Bonebreak was an admissions director and/or employee of Leo High School at the time he abused JOHN DOE 15. The abuse occurred at Brother Bonebreak's residence.

C. The Christian Brothers Defendants Fraudulently Concealed Their Knowledge Regarding the Individuals Who Sexually Abused Plaintiffs

5.39. The Christian Brothers defendants, through its agents, invited families, including the families of Plaintiffs, to send their children to school at various schools operated by the Christian Brothers defendants, including without limitation Leo High School.

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5.40. Thus, the Christian Brothers defendants were in the business of educating young children their schools.

- 5.41. The Christian Brothers defendants charged parents, including Plaintiffs' families, fees to educate their children in the schools and/or programs of the Christian Brothers defendants.
- 5.42. Thus, the children attending schools were invitees; or in the alternative were business invitees of the Christian Brothers defendants.
- 5.43. Between approximately 1962 and 1984, and at all relevant times, Leo High School was operated and controlled by employees and agents of the Christian Brothers defendants.
- 5.44. During the time that children, including Plaintiffs, attended schools and educational programs of the Christian Brothers defendants, including Leo High School, the Christian Brothers defendants had exclusive control over the children.
- 5.45. At all times relevant herein during the academic school years between 1976 through and including 1996, Plaintiffs attended high school at Leo High School, a school owned and/or operated by the Christian Brothers defendants.
- 5.46. The Christian Brothers defendants held themselves out to Plaintiffs, then minor children, and their parents or guardians that it stood and acted in place of the parents or guardians of minor children, and thus the Christian Brothers defendants held themselves out to Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians as acting in loco parents while Plaintiffs were enrolled in high school at Leo High School.

5.47. While plaintiff attended high school at Leo High School, the Christian Brothers defendants had exclusive custody and control of Plaintiffs under such circumstances as to deprive their parents of their normal opportunities for protection of their then minor sons. This protection is similar to that which a mother or father would exhibit to a newborn or young child. This includes, without limitations, the deprivation of a parent of their normal opportunity to protect their child from the sexual abuse of a predator or pedophile.

5.48. While Plaintiffs attended high school at Leo, the Christian Brothers defendants had exclusive custody and control of Plaintiffs under such circumstances, and the Christian Brothers defendants had a fiduciary duty to Plaintiffs, acting as a protector of minor wards Plaintiffs' age. As an entity exercising exclusive custody and control of minor children such as Plaintiffs, the Christian Brothers defendants had a special duty to anticipate danger; and to exercise reasonable diligence from groups or individuals of notoriously dangerous character.

5.49. Specifically, the Christian Brothers defendants knew or reasonably should have known that a group of notoriously dangerous characters, namely predatory and pedophile Christian Brothers and others, actively served the Christian Brothers defendants before, during and between the years 1962 through 1984. These predatory Christian Brothers and others were in the habit of sexually abusing juvenile boys and girls, a fact the Christian Brothers defendants knew or reasonably should have known. As a result, the Christian Brothers defendants owed a duty to all the youth attending schools owned and/or operated by the Christian Brothers defendants, including Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs' parents, to exercise due diligence to ascertain and anticipate dangers and make careful preparation to give Plaintiffs

effective protection, when the need would arise, from such predatory or pedophile Christian Brothers and others actively serving the Christian Brothers defendants.

5.50. In addition, the Christian Brothers defendants armed with the knowledge of the preceding paragraph, would be under an affirmative duty to interfere and intervene when they knew or reasonably should have known of such predatory conduct; and would also have the duty to be reasonably vigilant in the supervision of the juveniles over which they had exclusive control so as to ascertain when such predatory conduct was about to occur.

Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak were serving as teachers, employees, administrators or in other positions of trust and/or authority at Leo, and as a result of the affiliation Plaintiffs had with Leo and the Christian Brothers defendants, a special fiduciary relationship of human, religious and spiritual trust developed between Plaintiffs and the Christian Brothers defendants, with concomitant in loco parentis duties, including providing a safe haven for Plaintiffs by providing for their physical and emotional care and safety. As a result of representations made by the Christian Brothers defendants and because the Christian Brothers defendants and its agents held themselves out as counselors and instructors on matters that were spiritual, moral, and ethical, Plaintiffs placed great trust in the Christian Brothers defendants and its Brothers and others associated with them so that the Christian Brothers defendants gained control and influence over Plaintiffs, and therefore the Christian Brothers defendants entered into a fiduciary relationship with the Plaintiffs.

5.52. The Christian Brothers defendants' fiduciary relationship with the Plaintiffs established upon the Christian Brothers defendants a duty of good faith, fair dealing, and the duty to act with the highest degree of trust and confidence. This fiduciary relationship includes the duty to warn and to disclose and the duty to protect children from sexual abuse and exploitation by Christian Brothers whom the Christian Brothers defendants promote as being celibate and chaste representatives of God on earth and whom the Christian Brothers defendants hold out to students, parents and the community as safe, trustworthy community members. The Christian Brothers defendants' fiduciary relationships with Plaintiffs were based upon justifiable trust on Plaintiffs' side and superiority and influence on the Christian Brothers defendants' side.

5.53. The Christian Brothers defendants represented to each Plaintiff and his parents or guardians who placed him in the custody and control of Leo that they could trust and confide in the Christian Brothers defendants in selecting teachers, employees, and administrators who were fit to teach and supervise children and who could be trusted with children, the Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians did in fact place their trust and confidence in the Christian Brothers defendants in that regard, as reflected by their decision to attend Leo and be placed in the custody and control of the defendants, and the Christian Brothers defendants consented to each Plaintiff and his parents or guardians placing their trust and confidence in them in that regard, as reflected by their decision to allow Plaintiffs to attend Leo, by holding out the teachers, administrators, employees, and others who served at Leo as individuals who were safe and could be trusted with children, and by taking custody and control of Plaintiffs while they were students at Leo.

5.54. Likewise, the Christian Brothers defendants represented to each Plaintiff and his parents or guardians who placed him in the custody and control of Leo that the teachers, employees, and administrators at the school, including those who abused the Plaintiffs, were safe and could be trusted with children. Again, Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians did in fact place their trust and confidence in the Christian Brothers defendants in that regard, as reflected by their decision to attend Leo and be placed in the custody and control of the defendants, and the Christian Brothers defendants consented to each Plaintiff and his parents or guardians placing their trust and confidence in them in that regard, as reflected by their decision to allow Plaintiffs to attend Leo, by holding out the teachers, employees, administrators, and others who served at Leo as individuals who were safe and could be trusted with children, and by taking custody and control of Plaintiffs while they were students at Leo.

- 5.55. To the contrary, upon information and belief, the Christian Brothers defendants knew that the individuals who sexually abused Plaintiffs were not safe and could not be trusted with children because they had sexually abused other children. However, rather than disclosing those material facts to Plaintiffs or their guardians, the Christian Brothers defendants fraudulently concealed them from Plaintiffs and their guardians.
- 5.56. The leaders of the Christian Brothers defendants were in a specialized or superior position to receive and did receive specific information regarding misconduct by Christian Brothers and other agents and employees that was of critical importance to the well-being, protection, care and treatment of innocent victims, including the Plaintiffs. This

knowledge was not otherwise readily available. The Christian Brothers defendants exercised its special or superior position to assume control of said knowledge and any response thereto.

5.57. Plaintiffs were in a subordinate position of weakness, vulnerability, and inequality and were lacking knowledge. Further, the ability of Plaintiffs or their families to monitor the use or misuse of the power and authority of the Christian Brothers defendants or its agents and/or employees was compromised, inhibited or restricted by the Christian Brothers defendants and its agents and/or employees, including but not limited to Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak.

5.58. Notably, the Christian Brothers defendants also taught Plaintiffs to trust and respect the defendants, their employees, and their agents, to obey them, and to believe anything they said to them. As a result, in addition to the foregoing representations by the defendants, Plaintiffs relied upon these teachings by the defendants in deciding to place their trust and confidence in the defendants.

5.59. The Christian Brothers defendants had a secular standard of fiduciary duty which they breached by failing to act upon, or insufficiently acting upon or responding to, information which they had obtained by virtue of their superior status, known only or secretly to them, that was indicative or highly suggestive of a pattern of wrongful, unlawful or criminal behavior of its employees and/or agents, including Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak and its other Brothers. The Christian Brothers defendants breached this duty, as well as other duties, through inaction,

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manipulation, intimidation, evasion, intended deception, undue influence, duress or otherwise, as more fully described and set forth elsewhere in this Compliant, resulting in negative consequences to the welfare and well-being of Plaintiffs.

5.60. Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians had the right to rely upon, and did rely upon, the representations and teachings of the Christian Brothers defendants including, but not limited to, representations regarding Christian Brothers in general and Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak in particular (including the representation that Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak were Christian Brothers in "good standing"). Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians also expected and believed that the Christian Brothers defendants would not tolerate criminal misconduct that represented a known threat to children by any Christian Brother or any of their other employees or agents. Accordingly, Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians also relied on the Christian Brothers defendants' omission and silence in failing to inform them of material facts, including the danger posed by these individuals.

5.61. The Christian Brothers defendants created the misperception in the mind of Plaintiffs and his parents and others that Plaintiffs and other children were safe with Christian Brothers in general and with Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak in particular. In fact, Plaintiffs were victims of a known and preventable hazard that the Christian Brothers defendants created and allowed to continue.

5.62. Further, as a result of the early instruction and indoctrination described herein, Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians believed that the Christian Brothers defendants were unaware and uninvolved in facilitating the criminal sexual behavior of its Brothers, and the wide-ranging efforts of the Christian Brothers defendants to conceal that criminal conduct from Plaintiffs, their families and the community.

5.63. Not only did those misrepresentations and material omissions by the Christian Brothers result in Plaintiffs being sexually abused, but they also prevented Plaintiffs from discovering that they had a cause of action against the defendants for many years. None of the Plaintiffs realized they may have claims against the Christian Brothers defendants until after the Christian Brothers of Ireland, Inc., filed for bankruptcy on April 28, 2011. It was not until after that date when Plaintiffs first realized that the Christian Brothers defendants might have known that the individuals who sexually abused them had a history of sexually abusing other children, or that the damages they suffered as a result of the sexual abuse at Leo may have been caused by the wrongful acts of the Christian Brothers defendants. Simply put, it was not until after that date that Plaintiffs first realized that they may have suffered harm as a result of misconduct by the Christian Brothers defendants.

5.64. At no point did the Christian Brothers defendants reach out to Plaintiffs about the abuse they suffered, despite the fact that the defendants knew long before April 28, 2011, that sexual abuse of boys at Leo had been rampant, and that many boys, including Plaintiffs, were abused by men who were known to the defendants to be sexual abusers. If anything, the Christian Brothers defendants frequently denied claims of sexual abuse or refused to comment on what they knew about the claims.

 5.65. The Christian Brothers defendants created the misperception in the mind of Plaintiffs and their parents and others that Plaintiffs and other children were safe with Christian Brothers in general and with Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak in particular. In fact, Plaintiffs were victims of a known and preventable hazard that the Christian Brothers defendants created and allowed to continue.

- 5.66. First, as more particularly described above, the Christian Brothers defendants misrepresented and concealed material facts about the true nature of predatory and pedophile employees and/or agents in schools owned and/or operated by the Christian Brothers defendants, including the individuals identified above.
- 5.67. Second, the Christian Brothers defendants knew at the time the representations were made, and when the concealment occurred, that they were untrue.
- 5.68. Third, at no time did Plaintiffs know that the representations made by the Christian Brothers defendants were untrue.
- 5.69. Fourth, the Christian Brothers defendants intended to reasonably expect the representation to be acted upon by Plaintiffs, abused persons, and their parents or guardians and by other victims of sexual abuse by a Christian Brother, including those identified above.
- 5.70. Fifth, Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians reasonably relied upon the representations of the Christian Brothers defendants in good faith and to their detriment; and

- 5.71. Sixth, Plaintiffs have been prejudiced by their reliance on the representations of the Christian Brothers defendants and fraudulent misrepresentation of the Christian Brothers defendants described above.
- 5.72. As a result, the Christian Brothers defendants should be equitably estopped from asserting any statute of limitation defense.

VI. CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows:

- 6.1 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above and below.
- 6.2 The Christian Brothers defendants engaged in extreme and outrageous conduct by providing known sexual predators with direct access to Plaintiffs and by refusing to report their sexual abuses. They did so in order to conceal their own bad acts, to protect their reputation, and to prevent victims from coming forward, despite knowing that these individuals would continue to molest students.
- 6.3 As a result of this extreme and outrageous conduct, these individuals gained access to Plaintiffs and sexually abused them.
- 6.4 The Christian Brothers defendants knew that this extreme and outrageous conduct would inflict severe emotional and psychological distress on others, and/or recklessly or consciously disregarded the probability that their extreme and outrageous conduct would inflict severe emotional and psychological distress on others.
- 6.5 Plaintiffs did in fact suffer severe emotional and psychological distress as a result of the Christian Brothers defendants' extreme and outrageous conduct. Plaintiffs' emotional damages include severe mental anguish, humiliation and emotional and physical distress.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE, in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

COUNT II Institutional Negligence Against the Christian Brothers Defendants

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows:

- 6.6 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above and below.
- 6.7 The Christian Brothers defendants owed Plaintiffs a duty to provide competent and safe care and supervision by instituting and following policies and procedures to govern teachers, administrators and others who occupied positions of trust and/or authority at Leo.
- 6.8 The Christian Brothers defendants failed to exercise the reasonable care one would expect from school owners and operators they negligently and grossly negligently hired, retained, supervised, and monitored the individuals who abused Plaintiffs.
- 6.9 More specifically, the Christian Brothers defendants enabled those individuals to sexually abuse Plaintiffs through a number of wrongful acts and omissions, including:
 - (a) failing to properly investigate their background to ascertain whether they were suitable to be a teacher, administrator, or in another position of trust and confidence among boys at Leo, including Plaintiffs;
 - (b) failing to timely adopt policies and procedures to identify potential and actual sexual offenders and abusers, and to prevent their placement at Leo;

- (c) failing to properly supervise them by providing them with access to students at Leo, failing to take any meaningful steps to prevent them from sexually abusing students at Leo, and failing to report their sexual misconduct at Leo and other schools to the authorities;
- (d) failing to warn parents, students, or others at Leo of the danger that they posed to students;
- (e) concealing their prior sexual abuse of children; and,
- (f) failing to report them to law enforcement and governmental child welfare agencies, and by discouraging other students, church members and others from making such reports.
- 6.10 Upon information and belief, the Christian Brothers defendants knew, or should have known, that the individuals who sexually abused Plaintiffs possessed an uncontrollable urge to sexually molest young boys and that there existed in the mental health community ample knowledge that the treatment of their condition included at the very least two essential elements (1) keeping them away from young boys, and (2) telling those who needed to know about his condition. The Christian Brothers defendants did neither.
- 6.11 As a direct and proximate result of the negligent and grossly negligent acts and omissions of the Christian Brothers defendants, Plaintiffs were physically, psychologically and emotionally damaged.
- 6.12 The Christian Brothers defendants also knew or should have known that their attempts to cover-up the sexual abuse of children at Leo and other schools, including the abuse of Plaintiffs, would, if discovered, likely cause increased emotional suffering to their victims and their families, including Plaintiffs.
- 6.13 Notwithstanding that knowledge, the Christian Brothers defendants hid the nature and the extent of the sexual abuse at Leo and other schools from their victims, their families, and other parish or school members. Those attempts were successful, and not discovered until many years later, thereby causing increased emotional suffering to their victims and their families, including Plaintiffs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE, in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

COUNT III Special Relationship: Duty of Persons Having Custody of Another Restatement of Torts (Second) § 314A(4), § 320

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows:

- 6.14 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above and below.
- 6.15 The allegations of fact and law above confirm that the Christian Brothers defendants had a special relationship and duty to intervene and protect Plaintiffs consistent with the Restatement of Torts (Second), sec. 314(A)(4) and sec. 320; and as more particularly described above regarding a person or entity who has exclusive custody or control of a minor boy.
- 6.16 Because the Christian Brothers defendants voluntarily took custody of Plaintiffs under circumstances described above which deprived him, and his parents, of their normal powers of self-protection; and thereby subjected Plaintiffs to associations with persons likely to harm them, the Christian Brothers defendants were under a duty to exercise reasonable care so as to control the conduct of third persons as to prevent them from intentionally harming Plaintiffs or so conducting themselves as to create an unreasonable risk COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

of harm to Plaintiffs, as the Christian Brothers defendants knew or had reason to know that they had the ability to control the conduct of third persons, and knew or should know of the necessity and opportunity for exercising such control.

- 6.17 In addition, the Christian Brothers defendants had a duty of affirmative action for the aid and protection of Plaintiffs; had a duty to anticipate danger, and had a duty to be reasonably vigilant in the supervision of Christian Brothers in the religious order that the Christian Brother defendants knew or reasonably should have known were sexual predators of children.
- 6.18 That the Christian Brothers defendants breached the duty of care owed to Plaintiffs, minor children, and their parents or guardians, and were guilty of one or more of the following wrongful acts and/or omissions:
 - (a) Improperly deprived Plaintiffs of the normal protection of their parents and directed minor Plaintiffs to be alone with Christian Brothers that they knew or should have known had a prior history of sexually abusing minor children;
 - (b) Failed to take affirmative acts of protection or vigilance to protect minor Plaintiffs from physical harm while they were in the Christian Brothers defendants' sole and exclusive custody, when they knew or reasonably should have known that predatory and pedophile Christian Brothers were in active service of the Christian Brothers defendants;
 - (c) Improperly exposing the minor Plaintiffs to unsupervised contact with Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, wherein they were able to sexually abuse Plaintiffs when they knew or should have known Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak had histories of sexually abusing minor children;
 - (d) Were otherwise guilty of careless and/or negligent conduct to the detriment of the Plaintiffs.

6.19. As a direct and proximate result of one or more of the foregoing wrongful acts and omissions of the Christian Brothers defendants, Plaintiffs suffered injuries and damages more particularly described above; and such other damages to which experts in this case may testify.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

COUNT IV Breach of Fiduciary Duty

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows:

- 6.20 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above and below.
- 6.21 As discussed above, upon information and belief the Christian Brothers defendants knew before the Plaintiffs were sexually abused that the individuals who abused them had sexually abused other children.
- 6.22 Because of the "Special Relationship" that the Christian Brothers defendants had with the Plaintiffs, as more particularly plead above, and because of the "Voluntary Undertaking" that the Christian Brothers defendants undertook, as more particularly described above, the Christian Brothers defendants had a duty to Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians to disclose all they knew or reasonably should have known about predatory and pedophile Christian Brothers who sexually abused minors more particularly described above.

- 6.23 However, the defendants did not disclose those vital and material facts and risks to Plaintiffs or their parents, including the fact that not all of the teachers, administrators, and others affiliated with Leo were safe or could be trusted with Plaintiffs, including those who sexually abused them.
- 6.24 Rather, the Christian Brothers defendants concealed the risk in order to lure Plaintiffs and their parents or guardians into attending Leo.
- 6.25 Plaintiffs and their guardians relied upon the silence and non-disclosure by the Christian Brothers to their detriment because they relied upon their silence and non-disclosure in allowing Plaintiffs to attend Leo and in giving the individuals who sexually abused them access to Plaintiffs.
- 6.26 Moreover, Plaintiffs and their guardians could not have discovered the truth through a reasonable inquiry or inspection, and relied upon the silence of the defendants that no danger existed, because the Christian Brothers defendants generally did not disclose the abuse of children at their schools, and upon information and belief, they would have claimed no danger existed even if Plaintiffs or their guardians had made an inquiry or inspection.
- 6.27 Plaintiffs, and their parents or guardians during the time they were minors, detrimentally relied on the silence and non-disclosure of the Christian Brothers defendants more particularly described above.
- 6.28 As a direct and proximate result of one or more of the foregoing wrongful acts and omissions of the Christian Brothers defendants, Plaintiffs suffered injuries and damages more particularly described herein; and such other damages which experts in this case may testify.
- 6.29 As a direct and proximate result of one or more of the foregoing wrongful acts and omissions of the Christian Brothers defendants, Plaintiffs did not discover, and could not have reasonably discovered, that the defendants' silence and non-disclosure were a causal

factor in their respective abuses until after the Christian Brothers of Ireland, Inc., declared bankruptcy on April 28, 2011, which caused them to suspect that the Christian Brothers defendants may have been responsible for the abuse they suffered and any damages they have endured as a result of the abuse.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

COUNT V Respondeat Superior Acts Within the Scope of Employment

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows:

- 6.30 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above and below.
- 6.31 It was the duty of the Christian Brothers defendants, through the acts of its employees and agents, to exercise reasonable care for the protection and benefit of the minor Plaintiffs, over which they had exclusive custody and control.
- 6.32 At all times relevant herein, the actions of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, described above, during the time of Plaintiffs' attendance at Leo, were acts within the scope of their employment by the Christian Brothers defendants. Since the acts of sexual abuse of the minor Plaintiffs took place by Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis

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Bonebreak, on school property of the Christian Brothers defendants (which it owned, operated or controlled), such acts of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, which included acts of sexual abuse, are acts within the scope of their employment.

- 6.33 In the alternative, and in light of the facts more particularly described above, the Christian Brothers defendants should be estopped from denying that all such acts of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak were not within the scope of his employment.
- 6.34 That the Christian Brothers defendants breached the duty of care owed to Plaintiffs, minor children, and their parents, and were guilty of one or more of the following wrongful acts and/or omissions, through the actions or omissions of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak:
 - Improperly fondled and sexually abused Plaintiffs, minors, on property owned, operated or controlled by the Christian Brothers defendants;
 - (b) Improperly deprived Plaintiffs of the normal protection of their parents and directed minor Plaintiffs to be alone with Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, Christian Brothers that they knew or should have known had a prior history of sexually abusing minor children;
 - (c) Failed to take affirmative acts of protection or vigilance to protect minor Plaintiffs from physical harm while they were in the Christian Brothers defendants' sole and exclusive custody, when they knew or reasonably should have known that predatory and pedophile Christian Brothers in active service of the Christian Brothers defendants;

- Improperly exposing the minor Plaintiffs to unsupervised contact with Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, wherein they were able to sexually abuse Plaintiffs, when the Christian Brothers defendants knew or reasonably should have known that Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak had a history of sexually abusing minor children;
- (e) Were otherwise guilty of careless and negligent conduct to the detriment of the Plaintiffs.
- 6.35 As a direct and proximate result of one or more of the foregoing wrongful acts and omissions of the Christian Brothers defendants, Plaintiffs suffered injuries and damages more particularly described herein; and such other damages to which experts in this case may testify.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE, in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

COUNT VI

Negligence Regarding Actions Outside the Scope of Employment Restatement of Torts (Second), § 317

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows:

6.36 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above and below.

6.37 It was the duty of the Christian Brothers defendants, through the acts of its employees and agents, to exercise reasonable care for the protection and benefit of the minor Plaintiffs, over whom they had exclusive custody and control.

6.38 In the alternative, the actions of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak described above, were acts outside the scope of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak's employment by the Christian Brothers defendants, but were such acts for which the Christian Brothers defendants had legal responsibility more particularly described below.

6.39 The Christian Brothers defendants, as master, were under a duty to exercise reasonable care so as to control their servants, Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, while acting outside the scope of their employment as to prevent them from intentionally harming others, or from so conducting themselves as to create an unreasonable risk of bodily harm to others as Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak at all relevant times herein were upon the premises in possession of the Christian Brothers defendants.

6.40 Furthermore, the Christian Brothers defendants knew or had reason to know that they had the ability to control the servants, Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak and knew or should have known of the necessity and opportunity for exercising such control.

6.41 The sexual abuse of Plaintiffs occurred on school property that Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak occupied solely because of their positions as Christian Brothers, and as a guardians and as a protectees of the minor Plaintiffs during the time of their attendance at Leo.

6.42 In addition, Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak were on the premises of Leo only by their appointments as teachers and administrators by the Christian Brothers defendants and the Christian Brothers defendants knew that they had the ability to control Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak and the Christian Brothers defendants knew that Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak were, or were likely to be alone with minor boys at the school.

6.43 The Christian Brothers defendants knew or reasonably should have known that to allow predatory and pedophile Christian Brothers who were sexually attracted to young boys at remote or private locations outside the presence of other adults was a formula for disaster; and disaster did occur in the form of the sexual abuse of Plaintiffs by Christian Brothers that were neither supervised nor controlled for such wrongful conduct.

6.44 That the Christian Brothers defendants breached the duty of care owed to Plaintiffs, minor children, and their parents or guardians, and was guilty of one or more of the following wrongful acts and/or omissions, through the actions or omissions of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher

working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, even though they may have been, in the alternative, outside the scope of his employment:

- (a) Improperly fondled and sexually abused minor Plaintiffs, on property owned, operated or controlled by the Christian Brothers defendants, during their attendance at Leo High School;
- (b) Improperly deprived Plaintiffs of the normal protection of their parents or guardians and directed minor Plaintiffs to be alone with Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, Christian Brothers that they knew or should have known had a prior history of sexually abusing minor children;
- (c) Failed to take affirmative acts of protection or vigilance to protect minor Plaintiffs from physical harm while they was in the Christian Brothers defendants' sole and exclusive custody, when they knew or reasonably should have known that predatory and pedophile Christian Brothers were in active service of the Christian Brothers defendants;
- Improperly exposing the minor Plaintiffs to unsupervised contact with Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, wherein they were able to sexually abuse Plaintiffs, when the Christian Brothers defendants knew or reasonably should have known that Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak had a prior history of sexually abusing minor children;
- (e) Were otherwise guilty of careless and/or negligent conduct to the detriment of the Plaintiffs.
- 6.45. As a direct and proximate result of one or more of the foregoing wrongful acts and omissions of the Christian Brothers defendants, Plaintiffs suffered injuries and damages more particularly described above; and such other damages to which experts in this case may testify.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE, in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

COUNT VII Negligent Hiring and Retention of Dangerous Servants Restatement of Torts (Second) § 877

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows:

- 6.46 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above and below.
- 6.47 It was the duty of the Christian Brothers defendants to refrain from hiring or retaining unfit Christian Brothers who would actively serve and who they knew or reasonably should have known would create a danger of harm to persons such as Plaintiffs, minor children.
- 6.48 As more particularly alleged above, the Christian Brothers defendants knew or should have known that Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak had a particular unfitness for the position of a Christian Brother in active service of the Christian Brothers defendants, as they had previously sexually molested other minor children. This unfitness of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak was known or should have been known by the Christian Brothers defendants at and before the retention of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an

unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak at Leo High School.

- 6.49 The particular unfitness of Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak as Christian Brothers who sexually molested young boys such as Plaintiffs, proximately caused injury to Plaintiffs.
- 6.50 Notwithstanding its duty described above, the Christian Brothers defendants, breached their duty by employing and retaining Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak, who they knew or reasonably should have known were unfit to be in active service for reasons more particularly described above.
- 6.51 As a direct and proximate result of one or more of the foregoing acts of negligent hiring and retention of an unfit Christian Brother (Christian Brother C.B. Irwin, an unidentified Christian Brother who was a summer school teacher working at Leo in approximately 1974, and Christian Brother Dennis Bonebreak) in active service of the Christian Brothers defendants, Plaintiffs suffered injuries and damages more particularly described herein; and such other damages to which experts in this case may testify.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE, in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

COUNT VIII Civil Conspiracy

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows:

- 6.52 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above and below.
- 6.53 The Christian Brothers defendants engaged in a plan or conspiracy to cover-up incidents of sexual abuse of minors at Leo, efforts that were intended to prevent disclosure, prosecution, and/or civil litigation related to the abuse of children at the school and elsewhere. Their efforts included, but were not limited to: failure to report incidents of abuse to law enforcement or child protection agencies; denial of abuse when it was brought to their attention; transfer of abusive personnel; failure to seek out and redress the injuries of victims; destruction of documents related to complaints of abuse; and, a refusal to fully document complaints of abuse.
- 6.54 Based on these actions, the Christian Brothers defendants engaged in fraudulent concealment and are equitably estopped from asserting the defense of statute of limitations or laches. They are also liable for civil conspiracy.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE, in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

Count IX Res Ipsa Loquitur

Plaintiffs complain of the Christian Brothers defendants as follows: COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

- 6.55 Plaintiffs re-allege the paragraphs set forth above in Part V.
- 6.56 This count is plead in the alternative, namely that when Plaintiffs were in attendance at Leo, they were, at all relevant times within the exclusive custody and control of the Christian Brothers defendants.
- 6.57 In the alternative, that allowing a minor child during school hours, to be left alone in a room to be exposed to a person that sexually molests him is something that does not ordinarily occur in the absence of negligence.
- 6.58 As a direct and proximate result of the negligence of the Christian Brothers defendants, Plaintiffs suffered injuries and damages more particularly described above; and such other damages to which experts in this case may testify.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15, by and through Plaintiffs' attorneys, HURLEY McKENNA AND MERTZ, pray for damages against defendants CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE, in a sum in excess of \$50,000, plus the costs of suit, and such other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

Plaintiffs JOHN DOE #1-15 specifically reserve the right to pursue additional causes of action, other than those specifically outlined above, that are supported by the facts pleaded herein or that may be supported by other facts that emerge during discovery.

Dated this 26 day of April 2013.

Catherine M. Hoag One of the Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Catherine M. Hoag

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HURLEY McKENNA & MERTZ

33 North Dearborn Street, Suite 1430

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS COUNTY DEPARTMENT, LAW DIVISION

JOHN DOE 1, JOHN DOE 2, JOHN DOE 3, JOHN DOE 4, JOHN DOE 5, JOHN DOE 6, JOHN DOE 7, JOHN DOE 8, JOHN DOE 9, JOHN DOE 10, JOHN DOE 11, JOHN DOE 12, JOHN DOE 13, JOHN DOE 14, and JOHN DOE 15,

NO.

Plaintiffs,

V.

CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS; and, CONGREGATION OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS-NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCE a/k/a WESTERN PROVINCE a/k/a EASTERN PROVINCE a/k/a AMERICAN PROVINCE,

Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT PURSUANT TO SUPREME COURT RULE 222 (b)

Pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 222 (b), counsel for the above named Plaintiff certifies that

Plaintiff seeks money damages in excess of Fifty Thousand and 00/100ths Dollars (\$50,000.00).

Catherine M. Hoag

One of the Plaintiff's Attorneys

Sworn to and subscribed in my presence This 24 day of April, 2013.

NOTARY PUBLIC

OFFICIAL SEAL
CATHI DIFRANCO
NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 6-10-2014